

# MFS **University College London Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust**



Annual physiotherapy reviews in people with MS and an intrathecal baclofen pump: an opportunity for updated physical management, onward referrals and feedback on physical status. Briggs J, Hare N, Buchanan K

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# Introduction

Intrathecal baclofen (ITB) is used for symptomatic management of spasticity and spasms in people with Multiple Sclerosis (PWMS).

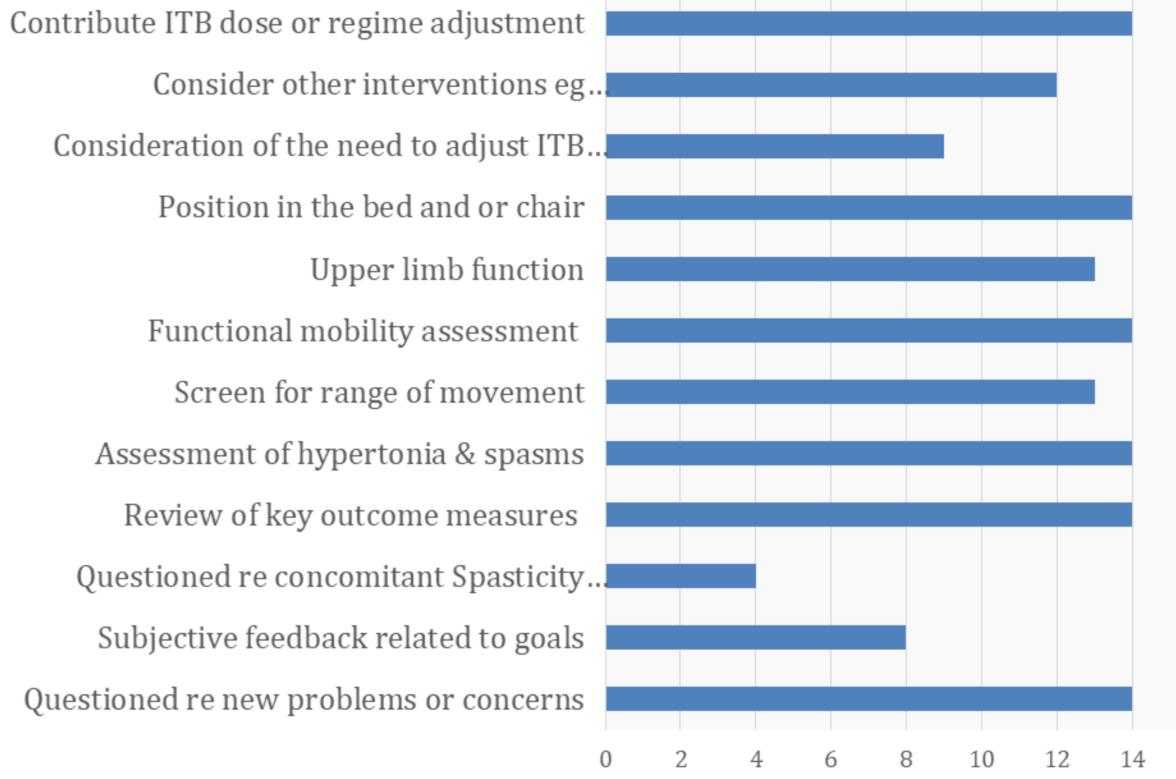
Attainment of 13 best practise standards for ITB physiotherapy review

Post operative ITB cautions reiterated

- ITB therapy can be adapted and modulated as PWMS symptoms and function changes along the disease course.
- An annual physiotherapy review for people with ITB is • recommended in the UK ITB Consensus Guidelines and offered to every patient with an ITB pump at NHNN.
- An audit tool was developed and piloted on a cohort of patients with ITB (N=15) in 2017 as part of a service evaluation The audit tool was then refined and used in a further audit in 2018 focussing solely on patients with MS.

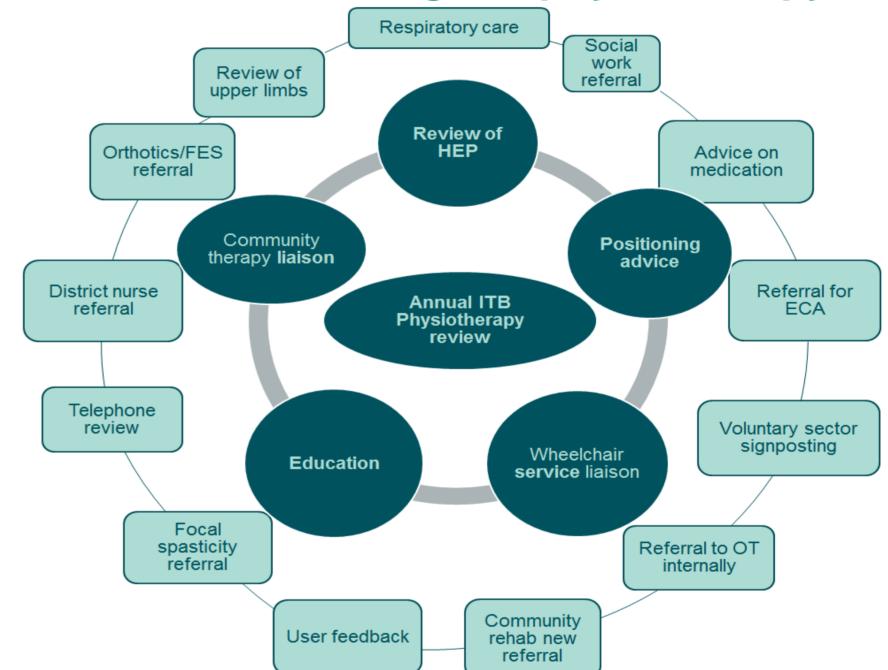
# Method

An audit was completed of PWMS and ITB to compare the content and frequency of ITB physiotherapy reviews against the best practise guidelines, retrospectively over a 3 month period using electronic copies of clinical notes. From pilot data, a list of common outcomes of ITB physiotherapy reviews had been developed and was utilised in this audit to capture more detail on interventions offered in these reviews. The data has been evaluated for themes and following on from this action plans have been formulated.



Number of people recieving each best practise standard

### **Outcomes for PWMS following ITB physiotherapy review**



Spasticity Service: ITB Yearly Review Name Date				Resting Angle		Full Passive		Tone (Ashworth Scale)			Power (MRC)		
DOB	Date of last review					Range (Neutral-0)							
Hospital No	Current ITB	mcg	Joint	R	L	R	L	Muscle Group	R	L	R	L	
Accompanied by: Community	dose General trend in ITB changes		Hip flex- ext.					Hip extensors Hip flexors					
			Hip abd- add					Hip adductors					
team: Transport: Own / taxi / public /	Oral medications		Knee flex-ext.					Knee extensors Knee flexors					
hospital	relevant to spasticity		Ankle PF-DF					Ankle plantar flexors					
Key goals of today's session: Posture/Seating (take photograph if possible) Chair type and		Inver- eversion											
cushion Bed positioning (take photogra	aph if possible): bed type	and cushion	Gait or tr Falls?	ansf	ers:								
Spasms & Clonus				•	-	•	ve∾	tive movement					
Trigger Factors including Bladder and bowels/skin			programme/standing)										
Numerical Rating Scale:				ITB related goals/dose implications: Recommendations									
Pain /10			Recomm	enda	ations	;							
Stiffness /10			•		_								
Comfort /10			HCP's in										
Respiratory function (chest infections, voice clarity, strength of cough, swallowing)			Physiothe	erapis	st:								

#### **ITB Annual Physiotherapy Review Paperwork**

## Results

63% of people with ITB pumps under the care of NHNN have MS (N=109).

The most common interventions at these appointments were: updating home exercise programmes, providing education regarding physical management, positioning advice and referral to their local wheelchair service. Most ITB patients received onwards referral or signposting to a wide variety of health and social services, as well as charity organisations.

Informal patient feedback indicated the review helped motivate PWMS for the year ahead and promoted selfmanagement.

## Conclusion

Annual PT reviews for PWMS and ITB provide an opportunity for patients to receive advice regarding a physical management plan appropriate to their needs and functional status, as well as referral on to community based therapies and support services.

- In the 3 months (June-Aug 2018), 15 annual ITB reviews were carried out.
- 82% of these patients have had up to date annual ITB physiotherapy review.
- 13 standards of best practise were evaluated and of these; 7 were achieved for all patients and 9 were achieved in at least 80% of patients.
- The lowest adherence was seen in the reiteration of ITB precautions and in the discussion of concomitant spasticity treatments.

## **Future steps should include:**

- written information to support the review process and ensure standardised delivery of key information such as precautions post pump.
- a survey of the experience of PWMS undergoing ITB physiotherapy review to further shape the service and national guidelines.
- a re-audit to assess the effect of the above changes.

## References

1. National Steering Group of Physiotherapists Working in ITB (2015) "The role of the Physiotherapist in the Management of individuals with Intrathecal Baclofen - a Consensus document".